

WILSON OBJECTS TO WHEAT PRICE AMENDMENT

President Vetoes \$28,000,000 Agricultural Appropriation Bill

WASHINGTON, July 11.—In vetoing the \$28,000,000 annual agricultural appropriation bill because of its amendment fixing the government guaranteed minimum wheat price at \$2.40 a bushel the president informed congress today that he did not believe the farmers of America would be worthy of all praise and has shown them playing a most admirable and gratifying part in the full mobilization of the resources of the country.

He added that the bumper crops they have raised this year have relieved "the anxiety of the nations arrayed against Germany with regard to their food supplies."

Congress was further informed that the president did not believe that such inelastic price provisions as contained in the bill could be administered in a way that would be advantageous to the producer and consumer because they establish arbitrary levels which are quite independent of the normal market conditions. The administrative method in fixing prices, he said, has been entirely satisfactory and should be continued.

A fixed minimum price of \$2.40 a bushel the president said, would increase the price of flour from \$10.50 to \$12.50 a barrel and would put an additional burden of \$387,000,000 this year on the consumers. Such an increase in price he said, would force a similar increase in Canada thus enlarging the whole scale of financial operations in this country by the allied governments and affecting practically the entire world. The house is expected to pass the bill tomorrow with the price-fixing amendment eliminated leaving the guaranteed price at \$2.20 a bushel. Some senators from wheat-growing states were disposed tonight to urge the senate to pass the bill over the president's veto, while others suggested that the wheat price amendment might be added to the \$11,000,000 emergency agricultural bill to which is attached the prohibition amendment.

The president's veto of the agricultural bill was his third in two weeks, the first disapproval was of the postoffice appropriation bill because of a rider for government purchase of mail in eight cities and the second was of the resolution authorizing the extension of time in which the government may relinquish short line railroads.

Wilson's Message.
The president's message follows:
"I regret to return without my signature so important a measure as H. R. 9054, entitled 'An Act Making Appropriations for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1919,' but I feel constrained to do so because of my earnest dissent from the point of view of principle as well as wise expediency from the provision of that part of Section 14 which prescribes a uniform minimum price for No. 2 Northern Spring Wheat of \$2.40 a bushel."

I dissent upon principle because I believe that such inelastic legislative price provisions are inconsistent of being administered in a way that will be advantageous either to the producer or to the consumer, establishing as they do arbitrary levels which are quite independent of the normal market conditions and because I believe that the present method of regulation by conference with all concerned has resulted in the most satisfactory manner considering the complexity and variety of the subject matter dealt with.

"It is evident that the present method of determining the price to be paid for wheat has had the most stimulating effect upon production, the estimated crop of spring wheat for this year exceeding all high records in a very remarkable and gratifying way. By an overwhelming majority of the farmers of the United States the price administratively fixed has been regarded as fair and liberal and objections to it have come only from those sections of the country, where, unfortunately, it has in recent years proved impossible to rely upon climatic conditions to produce a full crop of wheat and where, therefore many disappointments to the farmer have proven to be unavoidable.

"Personally I do not believe that the farmers of the country depend upon the stimulation of price to do their utmost to serve the nation and the world at this time of crisis by exerting themselves to an extraordinary degree to produce the largest and best crops possible. Their patriotic spirit in this matter has been worthy of all praise and has shown them playing a most admirable and gratifying part in the full mobilization of the resources of the country. To a very greatly increased production of wheat they have added an increased production of almost every other important grain so that our graineries are likely to overflow and the anxiety of the nations arrayed

against Germany with regard to their food supplies has been relieved.

"The administrative method of agreeing upon a fair price has this very great advantage which any element of rigidity would in large part destroy, namely, the advantage of flexibility of rendering possible at every stage and in view of every change of experience a readjustment which will be fair alike to producer and consumer."

"A fixed minimum price of \$2.40 per bushel, it is estimated, add \$2 per barrel to the price of flour; in other words, raise the price of flour from the present price of \$10.50 to \$12.50 at the mill and inasmuch as we are anticipating a crop of approximately 900,000,000 bushels of wheat, this increase would be equivalent to the immense sum of \$387,000,000."

"Such an increase of the price of wheat in the United States would force a corresponding increase in the price of Canadian wheat. The allied governments would, of course, be obliged to make all of their purchases at the increased figure and the whole scale of their financial operations in this country, in which the government of the United States is directly assisting would be thereby correspondingly enlarged. The increase would also add very materially to the cost of living and there would inevitably ensue an increase in the wages paid in practically every industry in the country. These added financial and economic difficulties, affecting practically the whole world, cannot, I assume, have been in contemplation by the congress in passing this legislation."

(Signed) "Woodrow Wilson."

MITCHELL FAILED TO ATTACH BELT

Official Investigation Finds No Defective Parts in Machine.

Washington, July 12.—Official reports on the aviation accident which resulted in the death of Major John Purroy Mitchell have reached the war department. It shows that the accident apparently resulted from the failure of the aviator to attach his safety belt. No evidence was found of any defective parts in the machine.

Assault Plane Defective.

Washington, July 12.—Gutzon Borglum, the sculptor, who made an investigation of the American aircraft program at the request of President Wilson. In an open letter read last night before the American Inventor's Association disclosed the belief that the accident which caused the death of Major John Purroy Mitchell, former mayor of New York, in an aviation accident at Gerstner Field, Louisiana was the result of failure of the aviator to fasten himself in his plane. Borglum in his letter intimated that the accident was the result of a defective plane.

SPANISH GRIPPE SPREADS RAPIDLY

GENEVA, Thursday, July 11.—Spanish grippe continues to spread rapidly in Switzerland. The military authorities authorities announced today that on July there were 6,800 cases in the Swiss army and among interned troops. The death rate so far has been comparatively small.

At Luzerne the authorities have been obliged to close the schools. They also have prohibited meetings in private buildings and visits of friends to patients in hospitals.

At Berne the telephone service has been discontinued owing to the number of employees who are sick.

IOWAN PRISONER OF THE AUSTRIANS

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS, Thursday, July 11.—(By The Associated Press.)—A note written by Lieutenant Clarence Young, of Des Moines, Ia., who was compelled to land with his airplane behind the Austrian lines during the battle on the lower Plave last month, has been received by the American Red Cross. The note requests that Lieutenant Young's mother and sweetheart be notified that he is merely a prisoner of the Austrians. A postscript to his comrades says:
"See you after the war."

FOR ENTERTAINMENT OF JAPANESE MISSION

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Elaborate arrangements for the entertainment of the Japanese Red Cross mission headed by Prince Yoshihisa Tokugawa which is to arrive in Washington next Tuesday, were announced today by the American Red Cross. Its members will be received by President Wilson on Friday. There will be dinners and receptions and up to Mount Vernon, Camp Meade, Md., a visit to congress and other events Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. Friday evening the party will leave for New York.

Prince Tokugawa is bringing a quantity of cotton and gauze for American army hospitals in France.

CUT ON TRAVEL, BUT NOT ON AMUSEMENTS

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The American people are spending slightly more for amusements but less for travel as the war progresses. This fact is revealed in a comparison of the May receipts of taxes collected by the internal revenue bureau, which were made public today, with the receipts for previous months. War taxes from all sources collected in May amounted to \$128,396,104.

BULLETINS

LONDON, July 12.—Lieutenant General Horvath, vice president and general manager of the Chinese railway, having declared himself a member of the temporary Siberian government, has been proclaimed provisional ruler of Siberia, according to a despatch to the Mail from Harbin.

BABYLON, N. Y., July 10.—While making a final flight in training for a commission, Chief Quartermaster William Fraser Beham (home address not yet learned), a naval aviator was killed when his hydroaeroplane fell 500 feet into Great South Bay, near here today. The airman was crushed under the wreckage of his machine.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Failure to buckle his safety belt and the "peculiar quick snap" of his scout plane when it was nosed over for a glide apparently caused the death of Major John Purroy Mitchell, says the official report on the accident at Gerstner Field, La., received today at the war department. The investigation board found that Major Mitchell's death "occurred in line of duty and not because of his own misconduct."

LITTLE FALLS, Minn., July 12.—John Wosniak, a farmer living near here today killed three of his four children by cutting their throats. Mrs. Wosniak fled with her baby to the home of a neighbor.

Wosniak admitted the crime when arrested.

For some time the farmer has been in a doubtful mental condition. Mrs. Wosniak said he believed that his family was going to starve.

"Hang me, if you want to," was the only statement he would make to the sheriff.

BELLEVILLE, Ill., July 12.—Lieut. John Ekblom, of Mount Vernon, N. Y., and Cadet Wilder Clark of Cambridge, Mass., were injured when an airplane in which they were flying at Scott field, near here, fell from a height of 100 feet.

The condition of Lieutenant Ekblom is serious. The cause of the accident is unknown.

Lieutenant Ekblom was pinned under the wreckage and physicians at the field hospital said he is probably suffering internal injuries. Cadet Clark suffered a broken leg and broken nose.

LONDON, July 12.—Col. Sergius Cyon, a Russian army officer who has arrived at Stockholm, says that M. Manos, a banker was arrested in Petrograd some days ago, according to advices from Copenhagen to the Exchange Telegraph Company. Several documents and 2,000,000 rubles discovered in the house where the banker was apprehended proved, said the Russian officer, that Manos had been in direct communication with the late Count von Mirbach the German ambassador at Moscow, who was intimately connected with the monarchists.

CLOSE HEARINGS ON NEW REVENUE BILL

House Ways and Means Committee to Begin Executive Sessions Monday.

Washington, July 12.—The house ways and means committee today closed hearings on the new \$8,000,000,000 revenue bill after examination of Charles Johnson Post, representing magazine and periodical publishers and Jesse H. Neal, spokesman for publishers of trade papers who presented final arguments for repeal of the zone system of rates for second class mail. Both urged adoption of a flat rate of two cents a pound or any other flat rate which would apply equally to all publications.

The committee will begin executive sessions Monday on framing the revenue bill altho the treasury will not have ready a great deal of essential data regarding incomes and excess profits until early in August.

Shortly before the committee adjourned today, Post, director of the publishers' advisory board, disclaimed speaking for newspaper publishers and disavowed lobbying on the part of the magazine and periodical publishers.

Chairman Kitchin of the committee said there had been no indication of attempt to corrupt, but that there had been lobbying. He said Major E. B. Stahlman, head of the Southern Newspaper Publishers' association and Frank P. Glass, president of the American Newspaper Publishers' association were in Washington for some time in the interest of repealing, suspending or modifying the zone system of postal rates, the most of the time Mr. Glass, he said, was given to the print paper price hearings before the federal trade commission. Representative Moore, Pennsylvania, declared that both Major Stahlman and Mr. Glass acted within their rights in appealing to congress as they did "regardless of methods they employed."

WILSON SIGNS BILL.

Washington, July 12.—President Wilson today signed a bill providing penalties of \$200 fine and six months imprisonment for unauthorized wearing of the uniform of a friendly nation. Congress passed it especially to deal with pseudo representatives of Allied countries seeking to collect funds.

FRENCH STRIKE GERMAN LINE IN PICARDY SECTOR

Surprise Blow is Successful—500 Prisoners Captured

PARIS, July 12.—French troops attacked over a front of approximately three miles between Sastel and north of Mally-Raineval (in the Picardy sector) this morning according to the war office statement issued tonight. The village of Castel, the Anchin Farm and a number of strong German positions were taken and 500 prisoners were captured. The attack penetrated the German lines to a depth of more than a mile.

The statement reads:
"Our troops this morning launched a brilliant attack on a front of five kilometers between Castel and north of Mally-Raineval. All of our objectives were reached and we have occupied the village of Castel, the Anchin farm and a number of strongly fortified enemy positions. French troops have penetrated the enemy lines to a depth of two kilometers and have taken more than 500 prisoners."

"Eastern theater July 11: Near Varmina a detachment of Bulgarian assault troops which had succeeded in gaining a momentary foothold upon Serbian positions were immediately driven out."

"In Albania our troops continue to progress. On the right bank of the Devoll river we have occupied the heights of Kaynay. Upon the left bank of the river we have cleared the whole mountainous region between the Devoll and the Tomorica peaks."

"In the heights which dominate the confluence of these streams, where the enemy continues his resistance. The total number of prisoners which have fallen into our hands is more than 400."

Perfect Single Front.

Rome, Thursday, July 11.—Italian and Allied troops in Albania and Macedonia have succeeded in perfecting a single front extending from the Adriatic Sea to Soloniki on the Aegean Sea a distance of some 200 miles according to the latest reports published here today.

"British monitors and Italian destroyers are co-operating with the Italian troops which are penetrating into the heart of Albania. These forces are flanked by French troops north of Koritsa while, further east, the Greek army, which is daily growing in efficiency threatens the Bulgarian positions."

"In Albania there are many Serbians and Montenegrins who have expressed their impatience to re-enter their native countries. The Jugo-Slavs and the Czechoslovaks there are said to believe that their compatriots in the interior of Austria will be of assistance if the Allied offensive continues successful."

Claim Six Planes Lost Berlin, July 12.—(Via London.)—All six of the American airplanes which attempted to bombard Coblenz yesterday have fallen into German hands. The capture of five was reported yesterday and an official report issued today said that the one remaining machine has been shot down.

The communication follows:
"The sixth airplane of the American squadron which attempted to fly to Coblenz, as reported yesterday has fallen into our hands after being shot down."

"On the battle front the artillery activity revived yesterday evening and increased during the night to violent surprise attacks on battle positions and regions behind the front. Southwest of Ypres and Baillieu and north of Albert, strong thrusts and frequent reconnaissances launched by the enemy were repulsed. Between the Aisne and the Marne the activity on the part of the French continued lively. We captured prisoners in four field engagements at the forests of Villers Cotterets. In the region of Rheims, we drove back enemy reconnoitering thrusts."

Local Engagements.

Berlin, July 12.—(Via London.)—The supplementary report issued this evening, from general headquarters, follows:
"There were local engagements today southwest of Baillieu and on the western bank of the Aisne."

Enemy Attack Fails.

Rome, July 12.—The text of the official statement issued by the war office today reads:
"Along the front in northern Italy there has been intermittent artillery fire. In the Arsa Valley our patrols destroyed two small posts and captured a few prisoners. An attempted enemy attack at Corone failed with heavy losses. In Albania our troops are continuing the work of clearing the ground from which the Austrians. Three canons, eight mountain guns, four trench guns and two trench mortars have been found."

Will Close Season.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 12.—The Pacific Coast Baseball league will close the season with games scheduled for Sunday.

OVERSEAS CASUALTIES

(By The Associated Press)

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The army casualty list today shows:
Killed in action, 9; died of wounds, 7; died of disease, 7; died of airplane accident, 2; died of accident and other causes, 4; wounded severely, 15; wounded slightly, 1; wounded degree undetermined, 12; missing, 5; total, 52.

The List:

Killed in Action.
Lieutenants Wilmarth Brown, Washington, D. C.
Harry M. Copping, Oklahoma City, Okla.

John Cannon Paisley, Gibsonville, N. C.
Augustus M. Trotter, Camden, S. C.

Sergeant Peter G. Miller, Lancaster, Pa.
Privates Sherman L. Conkling, Newark, N. J.

Steve Dusancki, Schenectady, N. Y.
Harry F. Jones, Roanoke, Va.

Walter Sanimaw, Potsdam, N. Y.

Died from Wounds.

Captain George R. Spalding, Columbus, Ky.
Lieutenant Robert E. Ball, Wollaston, Mass.

Privates John W. Bresnahan, Rochester, N. Y.
Harry L. Erisman, Sterling, Ill.

John V. Fennessy, Rochester, N. Y.

Died from Disease.

Lieutenants George G. MacNish, Stevens Point, Wis.
Goodwin Warner, Jamaica, Plains, Mass.

Sergeants Frank A. Browne, Petersburg, Va.

Walter R. Lux, Fort Shaw, Mont.
Fireman Constance Hendricks, Havre, France.

Privates James H. Ensley, Ainsworth, Neb.
Ray U. Nicholson, Scotts Mills, Ore.

Died of Airplane Accident.

Lieutenants William D. Robbins, Raleigh, N. C.
John C. Wilford, Asheville, N. C.

Died from Other Causes.

Captain Karl H. Deuber, Benicia, Cal.
Sergeant Arnold J. Peterson, Beloit, Wis.

Corporal Guy M. Cox, Denison, Texas.
Cook Harry E. Hollingsworth, La Harpe, Kansas.

Wounded Severely.

Lieutenant Harold H. Tittman, Jr., St. Louis.
Privates Louis J. Allen, Good Hope, Ill.

Clyde W. Hall, Lafayette, Ind.
Wounded Degree Undetermined, Lieutenants Edward A. Ogle, Terre Haute, Ind.

Charles J. Riley, Pleasant Hill, Ill.

MORE OFFICERS AND MEN RECEIVE CROSS

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The distinguished service cross has been awarded by General Pershing to eleven more officers and men of the American Expeditionary Forces for gallantry, the official communique from American headquarters in France Tuesday announced.

Lieutenant Colonel Logan Feilard and Major T. H. Turrill, of the Marines received their crosses for their part in the fight at Belleau Wood June 6th; Major Turrill being cited as having "displayed extraordinary heroism in leading his men to the attack."

The others cited to receive the cross, seven of them for their work at Seicheprey on April 20 and 21 were:

Sergeants Benjamin James and Joshua H. Broadhead; Corporal James R. Thornlee; Privates H. R. Johnson, J. C. Parvett, Edward L. Dion, Jeremiah Tryon, Frank P. Gordon and Wilford S. Pauley.

The award to Broadhead and Gordon were made posthumously.

AFFIRMS JUDGMENT OF LOWER COURT

NEW YORK, July 12.—The appellate division of the supreme court has affirmed the judgment of the lower court which sustained the contentions of the Associated Press in the suit brought against it by the Postal Telegraph-Cable company. The company refused to allow to the Associated Press certain reductions granted to others in leased wire rates on the ground that such reductions did not apply in the case of an existing contract. The court holds that the rates generally announced were applicable to all users under similar conditions and that the attempt to collect from the Associated Press a higher rate constituted an unjust discrimination and was in violation of the interstate commerce act. The court affirmed the judgment which allowed only the reduced rates admitted by the Associated Press to be due.

SALES ARE LAGGING

Chicago July 12.—Sales of United States certificates of indebtedness of the second issue dated July 9 are lagging in the Seventh Federal Reserve District according to a statement issued today by M. A. Taylor, director of sales. Subscriptions received up to the close of business today aggregate about \$80,000,000 below the quota allowed the seventh district. The books for the current issue close July 18.

GERMAN U-BOAT TAKES NORWEGIAN BARK MANX KING

Survivors are Ignorant of Ship's Fate

AN ATLANTIC PORT, July 12.—A German submarine, appearing 300 miles off Cape Race on July 6, captured the Norwegian Bark Manx King and ordered the crew of nineteen to take to the boats, it was learned tonight when the survivors were brought here on a British steamship which picked them up at sea. The survivors said they did not know what became of the bark, whether she was sunk or converted into a raider by the Germans.

The Manx King, 1,729 gross tons left a United States Atlantic port about two weeks ago. She is the first craft which has been reported as encountering a U-boat so far north in the Atlantic. The crew pulling away rapidly in life boats were overtaken by darkness before seeing what disposition had been made of the sailing vessel. None of them reported any explosion.

FOUR AMERICAN SEAMEN LOST

Two Drowned and Two Taken Prisoner When Naval Launch is Sunk.

Washington, July 14.—An American naval launch, after aiding a French destroyer in towing a disabled American seaplane to safety was sunk by German shore batteries, using two of her crew probably drowned and two taken prisoner by the enemy.

Assistant Surgeon Albert Mason Stevens, naval reserves, of 2226 Loring Place, New York, and Philip Goldman, quartermaster, of 234 East 116th street, New York landed in front of the German batteries and were captured.

An official announcement of the incident from the navy department today did not give the date or name or the place where it occurred. It is assumed that the launch belonged to one of the American warships on patrol duty in the war zone.

OBJECTORS MAY APPLY FOR FARM FURLONGS

ROCKFORD, Ill., July 12.—Scores of conscientious objectors at Camp Grant will be given a chance to apply for farm furloughs or the duration of the war, according to the recommendations of the investigating board appointed by the war department to deal with such cases.

The objectors have been examined by the board and when it was found that they were sincere in their beliefs it was recommended that they be placed on farms at army pay subject to the orders of the farmer for whom they are working.

Brent Dow Allison, Clark W. Getta and Morris Tinsky, are not included in the list as those sincere in their objections. Included Judge Julian Mack of Chicago and Dean Strong of Columbia University.

WESTERN UNION MEN ORGANIZE

CHICAGO, July 12.—Sixteen delegates representing 20,000 operators employed by the Western Union Telegraph company met here today to organize a national association which they said will have no connection with the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America or the American Federation of Labor. The delegates were chosen by employees in each division of the service by secret ballot. The new organization has been promised all the rights of collective bargaining with the company, but the constitution will contain provisions against strikes and in favor of settling all wage disputes by arbitration.

B. E. Black of St. Louis was chosen permanent chairman of the organization meeting. A committee on rules was named consisting of H. M. Swartz of Kansas City, Ray G. Miller of New York and Allen Hixon of Los Angeles.

The organization probably will select as its name the Western Union Employees' association. It will have local branches in every large city of the country.

RAILROADER DIES.

Chicago, July 12.—Samuel G. Hatch, passenger traffic manager of the Illinois Central railroad since 1911, died of heart disease today while in the offices of H. S. Phelps, general passenger agent of the road. He had been in the railroad business for 38 years and had been in the service of the Illinois Central for more than twenty years.

KILLED IN ACTION.

Washington, July 12.—Lieutenant Wilmarth Brown listed in today's casualty list as having been killed in action, was a graduate of the Fort Meyer officers' training camp. He had been secretary to Major General Leonard Wood and Major Scott and was a direct descendant of Dr. Gustavus Brown, surgeon-general of the Continental army.

WAR SUMMARY

News of Activities on Various Battle Fronts in Summarized Form By Associated Press.

Striking the Germans on a front that has been quiet for the past six weeks the French have once more broken through the enemy defenses and advanced their lines. This new blow at the enemy was launched between Castel and Mally-Raineval, on the Picardy southeast of Amiens, where there has been but little fighting since the French, by a local attack pushed the Germans out of Senacat wood late in May.

The attack was along a front of approximately three miles. It swept the Germans back out of the village of Castel and the Anchin farm, about a French mile to the south and cleared out a number of strong enemy positions. The French penetrated the German lines to a depth of more than a mile.

The American attack on Canigny, some time ago, advanced the line materially at that point while the Australians and Americans on July 4, cut deeply into the German lines at Hamel and Villers-Bretonneux south of the Somme. The French attack was launched at a point between positions of the Americans at Caatigny and the Australians further north.

The French lines south of Castel have been parallel to and westward of the Aisne river. The attack there, which has been up to the hills to the west of the river and into positions which appear to dominate the villages of Morisel, on the west bank and Moreuil on the east bank of the river.

Between the Marne and the Aisne the French have continued their offensive operations. It is reported that the village of Longpont south of Corcy, the captive of which was reported on Thursday has been taken by General Petain's men who have also made progress north of Corcy, at the Chavigny farm. East of Faverolles, according to the French official statement the allied lines have been advanced, this marking a southerly extension of the fighting line which has heretofore not been usually active further south than Longpont.

On the British front there has been spirited fighting according to the German official report, which indicates that from Ypres around the Lys salient and down in the Picardy sector, as far as Albert there have been stirring attacks made by the British.

Local engagements have been fought in the region of Rheims but they have not been of great importance. The French and Italians fighting in Albania have carried their lines steadily northward. The town of Berat, the most important point in Southern Albania has fallen into allied hands. It is reported that large quantities of Austrian supplies stored at Berat were destroyed by the retreating Austrians.

Official reports would appear to show that the advance of the French and Italians is reaching further and further east into the mountains and toward the rear of the Bulgarian positions around Monastir. Serbian positions near that city have been savagely attacked by the Bulgarians who after gaining momentary foothold on the Serbian trenches were driven out.

There have been local actions in the mountain sectors of the front in Northern Italy, one Austrian attack having been repulsed with heavy losses. A revolt of Austrian troops in Serbia is reported from Italian sources. The mutiny was suppressed only after hard fighting.

Athens reports a similar state of affairs in a Turkish garrison in Asia Minor where it is said German officers were murdered by Turkish soldiers.

SMITH AND WESSON EMPLOYERS STRIKE

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., July 12.—Between 500 and 600 employees of the Smith and Wesson Company, pistol manufacturers struck today upon the refusal of the company to grant demands for higher wages, improvement in working conditions and the reinstatement of several shop stewards discharged yesterday. Machinists union officials claim 95 per cent of the workers are out, but this is denied by the company. The action of the strikers followed a strike vote last night.

DR. REITMAN TO BE RELEASED TODAY

CLEVELAND, O., July 12.—Dr. Ben Reitman, of Chicago, serving a six months sentence here for spreading birth control propaganda was to be released today, according to Superintendent Burns of Warrensville Workhouse.

Seven hundred dollars of the \$1,000 fine attached to the sentence has been paid by Chicago friends. Burns said, and two months have been taken off the sentence for good behavior. Reitman says he will return to Chicago immediately.

MAKES NEW RECORD.

Chicago, July 12.—Duke Kahanamoku

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Allied plans in Russia will probably be put in effect and announced later.

"Swearing off" on the first of January will hardly be worth while if the "bone dry" law is made effective.

A safe rule for the pro-German these days is to say nothing that may not be repeated before a court.

Increase in railroad rates is said to have decreased travel greatly. The government evidently intended to reduce the waste of money by needless traveling.

Girls are taking places in the C. B. & Q. shops at Galesburg, three being already engaged in the blacksmith department there. They are doing their part to win the war.

Hundreds of penalties for violating food laws have been imposed on American dealers, and 150 have been put out of business entirely. But a vast majority have obeyed both the spirit and letter of the law.

The Knights of Columbus will endeavor to raise fifty million dollars for war work in the next twelve months. They now have one hundred and fifty buildings, 320 secretaries and one hundred chaplains in American camps.

TAXING EXCESS PROFITS.

Food Administrator Hoover is of the opinion that large profits for low cost producers are essential to stimulation of maximum output by high cost producers, and that the only method of discouraging profiteering is to impose a high war profits tax. He says he is "convinced that a large percentage of extra normal profits earned out of war conditions should be appropriated to the public treasury thru taxation."

The French revolution that resulted in the destruction of the Bastille and the release of its prisoners, was not a blow at the government but at the privileges of a class. It was the beginning of a new era, but its immediate result was a reign of terror. "Progress with order" is rarely achieved. The taking of the Bastille was only the beginning of a movement that, although it took years, was far-reaching.

Statements of German cruelties attributed by a St. Louis newspaper to an unnamed sergeant of the American expeditionary force sent to the United States to assist in the Third Liberty Loan have been denied by General Pershing in a cablegram made public by the war department. General Pershing recommended that if the sergeant was quoted correctly he be returned to France for active duty.

WHAT IT MAY DO.

A correspondent of the Tribune sums up some of the effects of nation-wide prohibition, thus:
Loss of \$200,000,000 annual revenue to the federal government.
Saving of \$600,000,000 spent annually by the American public for drinks aggregating 2,000,000,000 gallons.
Closing of 1,500 breweries and 200,000 saloons.
Conservation of approximately 40,000,000 bushels of grain annually.
More than 200,000 persons, including bartenders and brewery

workers, will be forced to get new jobs.
Capital amounting to more than \$1,000,000,000, producing a product valued at \$772,000,000 annually, will be affected. Some of it will be dead loss and part can be used in new fields of investment.
Approximately \$500,000,000 worth of whisky will be forced into the market before Jan. 1 or be redistilled for industrial purposes.

An advertisement recently appeared in a Logansport (Indiana) paper that in its simplicity evidences the spirit of the times: "A little girl wants work washing dishes, sweeping steps and side-walks. Must have money to buy Thrift Stamps. Katherine Koch, I am 7 years old, 172 Broadway. We got a telephone." As a result of this appeal, little Katherine, it is said, "has more positions offered her than she can accept." The little lady is credited with writing the ad. v. v.

GOOD FROM EVIL.

Major John M. Dodson, medical aide to the governor of Illinois, gives assurance that there is great recompense for the awful cost of the war in what military training is doing for the young manhood of America. He has visited many of the large training camps of the country, has seen the young men who come into camp careless and careless, quickly changed to upstanding, dependable soldiers. They are built up physically and morally. Young men who went into the service reluctantly very soon appreciate the advantages of the training, the regular hours, systematic work, healthful diet and rational amusement. In speaking of the selective service law, Maj. Dodson said, "In all history no measure so just and impartial for raising a great army and for determining who should compose that army had ever been devised; and in no nation in all history have the people so patriotically and so unselfishly accepted the methods of selection laid down by the government." He pronounced it the most unique, most impartial and absolutely just system ever undertaken.

RIPPLING RHYMS

By Walt Mason

STILL LIVING.

We've lived to see the greatest scrap that ever jarred the mundane map. Four years ago, in padded ways, we spent our money hunting days. Some prophets stood around and said that balmy peace would soon be dead. They paved the air, it made them weep that other nations seemed asleep, while at their forges busy Huns were making swords and bombs and guns. "Go to, false prophets!" we exclaimed; "you really ought to be ashamed to rend your beards and say that peace, the precious boon, will ever cease. We're civilized, we have advanced; the world is now so circumstanced that every nation only asks a chance to do its useful task, to bale its hay and put up ice, and see it always has the price. No government is so insane that it has conquest on the brain, so chase yourselves, oh dippy seers, and let us yoke our brindled steers." Four years ago we talked like this! Who said that ignorance is bliss? Our ignorance has cost a lot since we were handing out such rot. We've lived to see the planet bury Huns and we shall live to see the Hun, who wished a go-place in the sun, into the outer darkness cast and groping in a horror vast.

THIS DATE IN HISTORY

July 13, 1863.—The draft in Chicago. The Chicago Tribune says that the enrollment for that district has been completed and the rolls forwarded to Washington. The number liable to military duty in the city of Chicago and Cook County is as follows: 1st class, 22,541; 2nd class, 10,930; total, 33,471. The Tribune estimates the number called for under the draft at 28,860. The excess over our quota furnished is estimated at 23,600; leaving the actual quota of Illinois (it credited with the above excess) under the draft only 5,800.

AMERICANS HELD IN GERMAN PRISONS

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The names of nine additional officers and 29 enlisted men of the American Expeditionary Forces held prisoners in Germany were announced tonight by the war department. They were transmitted by the Spanish ambassador at Berlin thru the American legation at Berlin and are as follows: Camp Bad-Stuer:
Sub-lieutenant Harold Willis, Paris, France.
Camp Langensalz:
Lieutenants Julien N. Dow, Neoga, Ill.; Frank K. Miller, Macedonia, Pa.; Samuel Miller, Lakeville, Pa.
Camp Karlsruhe:
Lieutenants James Frank Crawford, Warsaw, N. Y.; Louis H. Edens, Cabool, Mo.; Maurice Snowden Redmond, Pittsburgh; Lieutenant Aviator John Joseph Meredith, Philadelphia.
Camp Heidelberg:
Lieutenant A. Eneas Mackenzie, Portland, Ore.
Camp Darmstadt:
Sergeant Robert Walker, Jersey City, N. J.; Corporals S. Leo Whitehead, Jeffrey, Ky.; Patrick F. Meehan, Springfield, Mass.; Privates Clarence Edward Newton, Cincinnati; Emmitt John Prosser, Minneapolis, Kans.; James Puntillo, Newark, N. J.; Carmelle Puopolo, Avon, Mass.; Ceco Summa, Woodbury, Conn.; Harry Swift, Philadelphia; William C. Sweeney, Boston, Mass.; David L. Watkins, Kentucky; Homer Akers, Norwood, Mo.; Edward Bennett, Harrisburg, Ill.; Arsenes S. Ergeron, Turner Falls, Mass.; Frank Bretschneider, Chicago; Phillip Daniels, Lynn, Mass.; Russell Dodson, Vintondale, Cambridge county, Pa.; Edward J. Donerty, Newton Center, Mass.; Owen Dougherty, Edgemoor, Pa.; Melville S. Harge, Battle Creek, Mich.; Carl Holst, Alston, Mass.; George Korman, Newark, N. J.; Alek Sander Kraukuszeki, Schenectady, N. Y.; Jeremiah Lehane, New York City; Wilfred Marquies, Fall River, Mass.; Roy R. Mason, Gainesville, Fla.; Frank John Meyer, Reading, Ohio; James N. Muldoon, Brighton, Mass.

COMMENDS SPIRIT OF COLORED TROOPS

Gen. Pershing Bears Testimony to Bravery and Devotion of Colored Americans on French Battlefields—Heroic Deeds of Race Recalled.

Washington, D. C., July 12.—"I cannot commend too highly the spirit shown among the colored combat troops, who exhibit fine capacity for quick training and eagerness for the most dangerous work." In these words General Pershing bears glad testimony to the bravery and devoted spirit of the colored Americans who are doing their full share for the defense of their country and the triumph of civilization and democracy.

In every war that the United States has been engaged in the report has been to the same effect as the historic message once widely quoted: "The colored troops fought bravely."

In the American Revolution negroes were found in all branches of the Continental Army. They generally served in the same regiments with the white soldiers. Connecticut, however, had one complete company of colored soldiers, and Rhode Island a complete regiment.

According to an official report, there were in the Continental Army, under Gen. Washington's immediate command, on the 24th of August, 1776, 275 colored soldiers. It is estimated that there was an average of 35 colored soldiers in each white regiment. This does not appear to have included the colored troops furnished by Connecticut, New York, New Hampshire and Rhode Island. There were altogether about 3000 colored soldiers.

Some of the most heroic deeds of the War of Independence were performed by colored men. The first martyr in Boston massacre March 5, 1770, was Grispus Attucks, a negro. The Black Legion, organized in 1779 in Santo Domingo by Count d'Estaing, consisted of eight hundred young blacks and mulattoes. At the siege of Savannah on Oct. 3, 1779, this legion, by covering the retreat and repulsing the charge of the British, saved the defeated American and French army from annihilation.

A large number of colored sailors were in the navy during the War of 1812. It is estimated that one-tenth of the crews that manned the vessels on the Great Lakes were colored. They served faithfully in all the battles of the Great Lakes, and in the Battle of Lake Erie rendered very effective service. In the celebrated picture of Perry's victory on Lake Erie is seen a colored sailor.

General Andrew Jackson, Sept. 20, 1814, issued a call to the free colored men of Louisiana to enlist. As a result 500 of them were organized into two battalions. These battalions distinguished themselves in the Battle of New Orleans. The legislature of New York, Oct. 24, 1812, authorized the raising of two regiments of men of color. As a result, 2000 colored men were enlisted and sent forward to the army of Sackett Harbor.

Colored Troops in Civil War.—One hundred and seventy-eight thousand nine hundred and seventy-five colored soldiers were enlisted in the civil war. The first colored regiments to be organized were the First South Carolina in which the first enlistments were made May 9, 1862; the First Louisiana Native Guards Sept. 27, 1862; the Fifty fourth Massachusetts, Feb. 9, 1862, and the Second Carolina Volunteers, Feb. 23, 1862.

Soon after the close of the war between the States Congress passed a law that colored regiments should be a part of the regular army. In the years that followed several of the negro cavalry regiments organized under this law won the reputation of being the best Indian fighters on the frontier.

The services rendered by the negro regiments in the war with Spain are still fresh in the public mind. Their conduct in the Cuban campaign and later in the Philippines won the highest commendation from the army officers. In the battle of San Juan Hill and in other engagements around Santiago the negroes were in the thickest of the fighting.

REACH AGREEMENT

Washington, July 12.—Davenport and metal bed workers have reached a tentative agreement with the war industries board to reduce their styles of bed to thirty to twenty. An announcement of the agreement today says the manufacturers, also are asked to use lighter metal tubing whenever possible and to discontinue the use of wool or mohair fabrics in covering davenports.

OFFICERS RESCUED

Havana, July 12.—At the mercy of a heavy sea the engine of their motorboat having failed three miles off shore near Santa Fe, two American army officers were rescued late Thursday by a crew of a Cuban gunboat. The launch was sent out by the gunboat commander when it was seen the Americans were in great danger of being drowned.

ORDERED TO REPORT.

St. Louis, Mo., July 12.—William Sheddell, St. Louis National pitcher, announced today that he had been ordered by his draft board at Hanover, Pa., to report for physical examination July 17. He will leave for his home early next week.

WOULD WAIVE IMMUNITY

New York, July 12.—Edward Rumley, former editor of the Evening Mail, announced today that if the senate should make an investigation of his conduct in the newspaper, he would waive immunity and place all the facts in possession of the government.

IS RECONSIDERING.

Madison, Wis., July 12.—Congressman John M. Nelson, who yesterday telegraphed to friends in Madison saying he would not be a candidate for re-election wired today that he was reconsidering the decision.

EXPECT VOTE ON RESOLUTION TODAY

Senate Leaders Frame Program—Prohibition Legislation to Lay Over Until Late Next Month.

Washington, July 12.—While the senate today continued to debate the house resolution authorizing government control during the war of telegraph, telephone, cable and radio systems, leaders framed a program for presentation tomorrow calling for a vote on the resolution at that time, postponement of a vote on prohibition legislation until late next month, and a mid-summer vacation by interim recess for three days until August 26.

Prohibition advocates were said to have agreed to this plan and leaders expected its ratification tomorrow by the senate with the recess program to begin tomorrow evening unless the president's veto of the annual agricultural appropriation bill with its \$2.40 wheat amendment should operate to keep it in session next week. Negotiations between senators on the recess arrangement continued throughout the day and the delay in reaching final arrangement was said to have blocked a vote on the wire control resolution. With the call in prospect tomorrow approval of the resolution was conceded in spite of opposition that has been voiced on the senate floor.

Senators Sherman of Illinois, Republican, and Lewis of Illinois, Democrat, were the principal speakers today, the former opposing the resolution and the latter urging its enactment.

DIVER'S STATEMENT

PEORIA, Ill., July 12.—The theory that the Steamer Columbia rammed a submerged log, puncturing her hull, was borne out by the statement of W. E. Dunscombe, a diver brought here by the state yesterday. Following an examination of the hull the diver declared he had found a large hole in the bottom of the hull well forward and on the starboard side. He will make a more complete examination tomorrow.

The coroner's inquest in Peoria county began today and Monday morning Coroner Clary of Tazewell county will begin his probe into the disaster.

HUNS ENCOUNTER SERIOUS OBSTACLES

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Conviction that German high command has encountered serious obstacles in pressing the offensive on the western front is gaining ground among officials here. They cannot believe that renewal of the attack would be deferred voluntarily when it is obvious that every day's additional delay works against ultimate success of the purpose of forcing a military decision this year to which the Germans are committed.

Secretary Baker said today that nothing definite is known here as to the reasons that have compelled the German delay. He made it clear however that the time that has elapsed since the last German effort and the failure of the enemy to react against repeated successful local counterattacks, by French, British and American troops were accepted as conclusive evidence that the German offensive was being held in check by some consideration other than the purely practical one of preparing the storm troops.

FEW MEN HELD

Chicago, July 12.—Of the 5,000 men taken into custody as draft evaders here since yesterday, fewer than 15 men were being held tonight for the department of justice, it was announced tonight. These men were held after officers had eliminated all who were able to get touch with relatives to get their registration and classification cards. New crowds of slacker raiders were sent out tonight.

WAGE INCREASE.

Washington, July 12.—Readjustment of wages scales at eight war supply plants of Waynesboro, Pa., with 40 cents an hour as the minimum wage, was announced today by the war labor board. Three thousand men are affected.

SIGNS BILL.

Washington, July 12.—President Wilson today signed the bill providing for the equipment of the United States penitentiary at Atlanta, Ga., for the manufacture of government supplies and the compensation of prisoners for this work.

BRITISH FORCE.

Paris, July 12.—The British fighting forces in France now aggregate two million men, says the Havas correspondent on the British front. This equals the number on the front in 1917.

ADOPT RESOLUTION.

Washington, July 12.—A resolution by Senator Walsh of Montana urging American citizens to observe Bastille Day on July 14 as "a mark of special regard for our ally" France, and extending to that country the fraternal greetings of the United States, was adopted unanimously today by the senate. A copy will be transmitted to the French government by the secretary of state.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.

Ottawa, July 2.—In today's Canadian overseas casualty list, J. Barnes, Chicago is mentioned as accidentally killed.

FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS.

Washington, July 12.—Thirty nine state boards for vocational education were represented here today at a conference to discuss the vocational rehabilitation of war disabled soldiers.

NEW BOOKS AT PUBLIC LIBRARY

The War.
Baldwin—Holding the Line.
The writer is as fearless with his pen as with his rifle and tells the truth about himself and his fellows in the trenches.
Hagedorn—Where Do You Stand? An appeal to Americans of German origin.
Militia of Mercy—Defenders of Democracy. The frontispiece is a reproduction in color of the painting "Allies' Day" by Childé Hassam.
Practical Books.
Allen—Table Service. A clear concise explanation of the duties of a waitress.
Farrington—Home Poultry Book. Just the book for the person who would like to keep a few hens to supply fresh eggs for the table.
Gordon—Where to Sell Manuscripts.
Owen—The Secret of Type-writing Speed. Miss Owen has four times won the world's type-writing speed championship.
Thomas—Practical Book of Outdoor Rose Growing.
Health.
Brown—Scientific Nutrition Simplified.
Porter—Shock at the Front. Religion, Art and Science.
Hankey—Religion and Common Sense.
Science and Learning in France.
Wagner—Film Folk.
Wagner—Film Folk.
Montagu—Nathan—Glinka. "Generally speaking, Glinka's so-called 'proclaim' rather than the pioneer."
Pile—Dark People. "What is Russia Really Doing—Under all the turmoil there, what real work forces that mold a nation's destiny are working in the silent water—athons, Glinka's 'Dark People'."
Rent Fight.
Ervin—Alice and a Family.
McKenna—Ninety six Hours Leave.

Fresh celery. Douglas.

CHAPIN

Harold Moore of Bluffs and Hart Hunter were here on business Friday.
Miss Adella Hamilton and Miss Ruth Funk motored to Jacksonville Friday afternoon.
Born to Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Taylor, a boy, July 11.
Donald Duckett is home for a few days before he leaves for Puget Sound, where he expects to serve in the navy.
Waldo Hermet of Cincinnati, Ohio, is visiting friends here for a few days.
This cool weather seems to be good for tourists as so many are passing thru our town. One car came thru enroute to Colorado Springs. Those in the party had started from Ohio, and said that the roads in Illinois were the worst that they had been over yet. Another car from Indiana was on its way to California.
Charles Ward of Bluffs was here on business Friday.
Don't forget the ice cream supper on the Christian church lawn Saturday, July 13.

HOUSE PASSES BILL.

London, July 12.—The house of commons today passed on second reading the bill providing for revocation of certificates of naturalization. The home secretary is empowered to revoke certificates of cases of disloyalty, where the party is guilty of criminal offenses or whose character is bad.

TRANSFERRED TO BALTIMORE

Mr. and Mrs. John Frank have received word from their son Paul J. Frank that he has been transferred to Baltimore, Md. He has been stationed at the office of the quartermaster general at Washington, D. C., and will continue in the quartermasters department at Baltimore.

Two daughters of Postmaster-General Burleson have entered the naval service as second class yeomen and are now on duty in the office of the paymaster-general of the navy.

SCOTT'S THEATRE

TODAY

Greater Vitaphone TWO BIG FEATURE PICTURES

Would you condemn a mother who feels that her baby may live?
Do you think that after suffering the agony and ignominy of a prison sentence as a result that she is entitled to a share of the world's happiness? You will after you see

ALICE JOYCE

"THE TRIUMPH OF THE WEAK"

This production is declared by film critics to be Miss Joyce's greatest screen triumph.
Also—
"THE WOMAN IN THE WEB"

5c and 10c
Plus 1 Cent War Tax
Coming Monday and Tuesday
"The World for Sale"

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mother's Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Hatcher

In Use For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK, N.Y.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK, N.Y.

New York, July 12.—Dun's tomorrow will say:
"With pressure of war demands increasing rather than lessening, there is little of the customary season."

"That summer shutdowns thru lack of orders will virtually absent this year, the varied and extensive requirements plainly indicate and holiday observances have been suspended at some establishments or a not to check the flow of materials into channels where they are urgently

**MILLING DEMAND
RAISES CORN PRICE**

Oats gained $\frac{1}{2}$ c to $1\frac{1}{2}$ c and pro-

Oats rose with corn but was heavily affected later both by the veto and rains over western Canada. Stream bed provisions resulted

NEW YORK BOND LIST.		
U. S.	2s reg	98
U. S.	2s coupon	98 3/4
U. S.	3s reg	99 1/4
U. S.	3s coupon	99 1/4
U. S.	Liberty 3 1/2s	99 5/8
U. S.	4s reg	106 1/4
U. S.	4s coupon	106 1/4

(Last Sale)		
American Beet Sugar	.....	68%
American Can	.....	47%
American S. and R.	.....	77%
Anaconda Copper	.....	67%
Atchison	.....	85
Baldwin Locomotive	.....	88%
B. and O.	.....	84%
Bethlehem Steel "B"	.....	80%
Canadian Pacific	.....	147

Chicago, Mil and St. Paul	411
Corn Products	411
Crucible Steel	65
Cuba Cane Sugar	313
Erie	151
General Motors	146
Great Northern Pfd.	907
Int. Mer. Marine	971
Int. Mer. Marine Pfd.	941
Kennecott Copper	33

New York Central	714
Northern Pacific	873
Ohio Cities Gas	38
Pennsylvania	44
Reading	89
Southern Pacific	83
Southern Railway	238
Studebaker Co.	45
Union Pacific	122
United States Steel	104
Willes-Overland	19

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.
Chicago, July 12.—Hogs—Receipts, 17,000. Mostly 20c higher than yesterday's best time. Pigs, 25c to 50c higher. Bulk of sales \$17.00@17.80; butchers, \$17.45@17.85; packing, \$16.75@17.80; rough, \$16.00@16.65; pigs, \$16.50@17.25.
Cattle—Receipts, 7,000. Beef steers steady to strong. Butchers slow to

tillery fed steers, \$17.75 a record. Beef-
 cattle, good to choice and prime, \$16-
 75@18.10; common and medium, \$11.
 @16.75; butcher stock cows and heif-
 ers, \$8.25@14.75; canner and cutters,
 \$7.15@8.25. Stockers and feeders, good
 choice and fancy, \$10.50@13.00; com-
 mon and medium, \$8.25@10.50; veal
 calves, good to choice, \$16.00@16.75.
 Sheep—Receipts, 12,000. Sheep and
 heavy yearlings, 6m; lambs, medium

western ewes, \$13.50; lambs, choice and prime, \$18.60@18.85; medium and good, \$17.75@18.60; culls, \$13.00@16.00; ewes, choice and prime, \$13.00@13.35; medium and good, \$10.50@13.00; culls, \$5.00@9.50.

ST. LOUIS LIVE STOCK.
St. Louis, July 12.—Hogs—Receipts, 6,800. Market 30c to 35c higher. Lights,

and butchers, \$17.45@17.70; good heavy, \$17.45@17.65; bulk, \$17.40@17.75.

Cattle — Receipts, 1,900. Market strong. Native beef steers, \$11.50@18.00; yearling steers and heifers, \$7.50@18.00; cows, \$7.50@15.75; stockers and feeders, \$8.50@12.00; calves, \$7.50@17.00.

Sheep — Receipts, 2,000. Market steady. Lambs, \$14.00@18.00; ewes, \$11.00@12.00; wethers, and...

SIoux CITY LIVE STOCK.
Sioux City, July 12—Hogs, 8.50@;
higher: light, \$17.15; heavy, \$16.85;
bulk, \$16.75@17.15.
Cattle—1,200. steady; steers, \$8.75@
16.75- cows and heifers, \$8.25@12.75.
Sheep—150; steady.

1,500; higher; top, \$17.65; bulk, \$17.30
@17.55.

Cattle—700; slow; steers, \$12.00@
\$12.00@18.00; cows and heifers, \$7.00@
16.50; calves, \$7.00@13.00.

Sheep—4,000; lower; lambs, \$13.00@
18.50; ewes, \$6.00@12.00.

— INDIANAPOLIS LIVE STOCK.

Indianapolis, July 12.—Hogs—8,000;
generally 25¢ higher; heavy, \$17.50@
17.00.

Cattle—800; strong.
Sheep—400; strong.

KANSAS CATTLE LIVE STOCK.
Kansas City, July 12.—Hogs 4,000;
higher; bulk, \$17.40@17.65; heavy \$17.60
@17.70; packers and butchers, \$17.65.
Cattle—3,000; steady; steers, \$17.50@
18.25; cows, \$7.00@13.00; heifers, \$8.00@
14.25.

Omaha, July 12.—Hogs—8,500. higher: heavy, \$16.90@17.10; mixed, \$17.00@17.20; light, \$17.15@17.30; pigs, \$12.00@16.00; bulk, \$17.00@17.20.

Cattle—1,600; steady: steers, \$12.05@18.20; cows and heifers, \$9.00@12.90.

Sheep—Steady; ewes \$10.00@12.10;
 lambs, \$14.50@15.75; yearlings, \$12.25@
 13.50.

(Furnished by James E. Bennett Co.)
 Open. High. Low. Close.

WHEAT—				
July	\$1.60	\$1.64	\$1.59½	\$1.61½
Sept.	1.60	1.63½	1.59½	1.61
OATS—				
July	75			

PORK—		70 ²⁵	71 ²	70 ¹²	70 ¹⁸
July					
Sept.	45.50	45.55	45.25		44.75
LARD—					45.25
July					
Sept.	26.37	26.37	26.30		26.30
RIBS—					
July					
Sept.	24.80	24.82	24.72		24.75

Chicago, Ill., July 12.—Wheat—No. 2 red \$2.31; No. 3 red \$2.29@2.30; No. 5 red \$2.25. Second grade, \$2.80.
Corn—No. 3 mixed \$1.80; No. 5 mixed \$1.65@1.70. No. 6 mixed \$1.60; No. 7 yellow \$1.75@1.88; No. 4 yellow \$1.76 @1.81; No. 5 yellow \$1.65@1.72; No. 6 yellow \$1.55@1.63; No. 3 white, \$2.12; No. 4 white, \$1.95; No. 6 white, \$1.58 @1.65; second grade 90c@1.50.

white 75c. steady 78 1/2c; No. 4
white 75c. steady 78 1/2c; No. 4

TOLEDO SEED MARKET.
Toledo, July 12.—Clover seed prime
cash \$16.50; October \$15.55; December
\$13.55.
Alsike—Prime cash \$12.35.
Timothy—Prime cash \$4.30; Sept.
4.80; Oct. \$4.45; Dec. \$4.40; March
4.65; April

"With the Colors"

Letters of Interest from Jacksonville Boys in the Country's Service.

The following letter was written to Fred P. Eyre of Michigan, this city, by Roy E. Sandberg, who is now stationed at Camp Custer, Mich.:
Camp Custer, Mich., July 7, 1918.
Dear Friend Fred:
I suppose you thought I had forgotten to answer your most welcome letter which was received a week ago. I have been so busy and have had so many letters that it has kept me on the go to get caught up.
I heard that you had given up your position as agent on account of the salary since the express companies united is that true? If so, I am sorry to hear it, and I heard that Ira Million took the place. Didn't they offer you anything else, or what did they do about it? I suppose you are still living at the same place. How are your wife and children? They have eight Y. M. C. A. buildings here and today they held what they called the farewell service in every Y. M. C. A. for the soldiers. The 30th P. A. band played and we surely had some good speakers. One speaker said he didn't think there was a slacker in the bunch and then he said if any one knew what a slacker was like. He said a slacker was like a custard pie, "yellow all the way thru and not crust outside." He said to go over the top. I thought that was pretty good.
I don't know when we will leave for overseas and I don't think anyone else knows, but I don't think it will be very long, and I have taken all the shoes off the horses and they are packing up down at the infantry and engineers. The machine gun bunch has been gone for over two weeks and the hospital corps left yesterday, but how soon the artillery will leave I don't say, and if I did know I would not be allowed to tell.
We had 2,000 new rookies here about a week ago and I think they were all from Michigan. They put 91 in our battery and it sure goes hard on them trying to carry the horses. Several of them are hopping around on one foot from being stepped on by the horses. Some of them have sore

Richelieu Coffee. Douglas.

DEATHS

Sumpter

The death of Mrs. Gaylord Sumpter occurred at a local hospital Friday morning, following an extended illness. The deceased was born in Menard county, March 26, 1889, and was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kunzeman. The earlier years of her life were spent in that county and she became a resident of Meredosia subsequent to her marriage to Gaylord Sumpter, Aug. 17, 1914. She was a member of St. John's Lutheran church and lived in a way which gave her the respect of a large circle of friends. Deceased is survived by her parents, her husband and one son, Marion H. Sumpter. She also leaves one sister.

The remains were taken from the hospital to the undertaking rooms of W. W. Gillham and will be sent to Meredosia for burial. The funeral will be held Sunday, July 14, at the Lutheran church in Meredosia and burial will be in the nearby cemetery.

Fresh celery. Douglas.

WITH THE SICK

Mildred De Silva and Charles De Silva, Jr., underwent operations for the removal of tonsils and adenoids at Passavant Hospital yesterday by Drs. Stacey and Adams. The little patients are getting along nicely.

Helen Brisendine of 531 West Reid street and Kenneth Grimmer of 908 Hackett street were taken to Passavant Hospital Friday morning where they had their tonsils and adenoids removed. Both children are getting along nicely.

Mrs. Helen Abernathy of 734 North Main street, who suffered an eye injury at the first ward playgrounds Thursday night, is recovering in a gratifying way. Dr. David Reed attended her after the accident.

Berkshire boiled ham. Douglas Store.

JOHN H. CARL HERE ON BRIEF FURLOUGH

John H. Carl who is with Co. M 1st Infantry Camp Funston, Kans. is here for a short furlough. Mr. Carl, who before enlisting a year ago made his home with Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Dye on West Walnut street, this city, is very enthusiastic about army life and hopes to soon be sent overseas. He is a German and because of this fact was not long since granted a honorable discharge from the army but he refused to accept this discharge and asked to be allowed to remain in the service.

A TEXAS WONDER

The Texas Wonder cures kidney and bladder troubles, dissolves gravel, cures diabetes, weak and lame back, rheumatism and irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women. Regulates bladder trouble in children. If not sold by your druggist, write to me by mail on receipt of \$1.25. One small bottle is two months' treatment and seldom fails to perfect a cure. Send for sworn testimonials. Dr. E. W. Hall, 2926 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo. Sold by druggists.—Adv.

FARMS FOR SALE

From 5 acres up, 40 acres, nice improvements, near Sinclair, \$6,000. 47½ acres, nice improvements, near Jacksonville, \$11,000. 160 acres, near Jacksonville, \$225 per acre. A nice 80 acres, near town, \$225 per acre. 320 acres, near town at \$200 per acre and lots of others. Some bargains in city property.

Real Estate, Loans, and Insurance

Norman Dewees

Ill. 56 307 Ayers Bank Bldg Bell 265

JACKSONVILLE STORAGE & TRANSFER CO.

607-611 EAST STATE STREET

General Transfer and Storage.

Crating and shipping furniture a specialty.

With our auto truck we are prepared to take care of your suburban hauling.

FURNITURE BOUGHT AND SOLD

Both Phones 721

MEXICAN CONDITIONS TOLD BY MINISTER

Rev. G. C. Lenington Made Interesting Address Before Rotary Club—Carranza Pictured a Sincere Leader—Poverty Increases and Business Is Depressed.

Members of the Rotary Club listened with great interest at the noon day luncheon Friday to an informal talk by Rev. George C. Lenington of Mexico City. Rev. Mr. Lenington was presented by President Harry M. Capps as a former Jacksonville resident whose eighteen months' stay in Mexico has given him a somewhat intimate knowledge of the country. The interest in the address was heightened by the fact that Mr. Lenington gave an opportunity for questions and many of the group of twenty-four men present had something to ask. Mr. Lenington had nothing whatever to say of his church or work in Mexico City, but dealt only with the country, the government and its problems.

Evidently the speaker believes that the government of the United States in recognizing Carranza took the best action possible. It was made clear, too, that in the opinion of Mr. Lenington that the revolution which has torn Mexico has not been lacking in certain benefits to the people, and the peonage which once existed does not now have place. There is abject poverty among the people and a great need for education but by means of the revolution many of the people passed from a state of bondage into at least some idea of citizenship. The various revolutionary troubles thru which Mexico has passed have never been occasioned by the people themselves, but always by men "higher up" in the military party of the republic. Carranza is not a military man and so it has been one of his tasks to continue to keep control of the military party and to dominate them in some way other than by the methods the militarists have themselves used.

Carranza is Real Patriot. In Mr. Lenington's opinion Carranza is an able, shrewd man with ideals for his country and with the purpose at heart of really benefiting the people. "One's opinion of Mexico varies according to the happenings," said Mr. Lenington. "When I went into the country a year and a half ago the train on which I traveled was accompanied by 100 soldiers and one night after the train was stopped by the conductor of an hour or two the conductor confided in me that a wreck ahead would probably delay us until the following morning when we moved on to the place of the wreck we found an overturned train of cars as the result of bent rails. Our body of soldiers joined with others. They scouted around the wreck and with great speed and without any formality of trial or any real investigation as to their connection with the wreck. The whole matter was treated as a mere incident, as such affairs are of frequent occurrence.

"On my way out of the country the train was guarded with a small detachment of soldiers, for every train moves in that way, but there was not the slightest sign of disturbance anywhere along the line and travel was very much the same as it was after I crossed the border into the United States. The paper took up the development of the navy from its inception to the present time. The speaker read the paper with the following elected: President—Mrs. R. G. Vasey; Vice President—Mrs. W. S. Jones; Secretary—Mrs. Fred Tendick; Treasurer—Mrs. J. H. Caldwell; Press Reporter—Miss Carrie Gibbs.

After the program delicious refreshments were served and a splendid social hour enjoyed. The program committee consisted of Mrs. W. S. Jones, Mrs. A. H. Dollear, Mrs. J. M. Gunn, Mrs. H. S. Stevenson and Mrs. Fred Tendick. The annual picnic of the club will be held next month at Nichols Park.

CHILDREN GAVE RED CROSS BENEFIT The children of Pine and West North street neighborhood gave an entertainment on the 12th at Mr. and Mrs. Smith's, 828 West North street, last evening as a Red Cross benefit. The idea was an original one of the children and with the help of the mothers it was made a decided success. All the numbers of the program were given in costume which added to the pretty effect.

The following program was given: a two act play of Cinderella, several comic dances, patriotic songs and a Red Cross drill. One of the songs given was the original composition of one of the children of the neighborhood. Those taking part were Lester Wood; Virginia, Emma Lou, Henry, Francis and Jane Moseley; John Morris, Yvonne, Hazel and Emma J. Smith; Robert and Frances Frisch; Dorothy Cully, Helen Francis and James Bristow. About \$9.50 was realized from the entertainment.

TO CAMP TAYLOR A party including Mrs. Clarence Phillips, Mrs. Andrew Cobb, Mrs. George Cain and Mrs. Ernest Dyer expected to leave Friday afternoon for Camp Taylor to spend some time visiting their husbands who are now located at that camp. They are expecting to be located in the same home with Mr. and Mrs. Rex Brittenham and Sergt. and Mrs. W. J. Eads.

dian knew nothing but to serve and obey. If the Indian was asked to carry a heavy load of stone for a number of hours he would do so and accept a very small sum in payment. He would ask no questions but would submit. That time is no more and the great change which has come as the result of the revolution is not religious, not economic, not political but it is social. As a result of the long revolution and the bandit raids the country has been reduced to a state of anarchy. There are ruined provinces in addition to ruined cities, and agriculture has been practically stopped, because of there being no safety in the country there has been a gathering into the cities.

In Depths of Poverty. Mexico City a few years ago had a population of 400,000 and now has a population of more than a million. There are several hundred thousand men and women in that city today living in little thatched huts not more than eight or ten feet square. As a result of the stagnation of agriculture poverty has increased and there are thousands constantly near starvation. Along with poverty has come an increase in begging and everywhere one is met with appeals from half-clad women and children, asking for money and food. General business is depressed, partially as the result of the revolution and partially because the government is so strong financially. That Carranza desires well for his people in education is impressed by the fact that when I went to Mexico City there were but 45,000 children in the schools and a year later there were more than 90,000 enrolled. Unfortunately, now, however, because of the lack of money, many of these schools are being closed.

"What the future holds for Mexico is a question. There are evidences that feeling toward the U. S. now is better than was true six months ago. The oil fields there are next to the greatest in the world and England is now depending upon Mexico for the oil supply for its navy, so it can be understood that both the U. S. and England are fully determined that nothing shall disturb that source of supply. The revenue produced from the oil concessions is large but it is not sufficient to take care of the government expenditures.

The Minority Decide. "Now, as indicated, the government is much stronger than any opposing force, but under present conditions and because of the spirit of the Mexican people, there may come a time when the result of the present situation is uncertain. The great mass of the population is so ignorant and so ill-fated that it is really the small percentage of the people that works out the destiny of the whole country."

Demonstration today. Douglas Store.

Social Events

Mounds Women's Club Meets With Mrs. George Gilbert.

The regular meeting of the Mounds Women's Club was held with Mrs. George Gilbert west of the city with a splendid attendance of members. The paper for the afternoon was prepared by Mrs. Emma G. Smith on "The Navy of the United States" and was read to the club by Miss Eloise Smith. The paper took up the development of the navy from its inception to the present time. The speaker read the paper with the following elected: President—Mrs. R. G. Vasey; Vice President—Mrs. W. S. Jones; Secretary—Mrs. Fred Tendick; Treasurer—Mrs. J. H. Caldwell; Press Reporter—Miss Carrie Gibbs.

Following the reading of the paper the election of officers was held with the following elected: President—Mrs. R. G. Vasey; Vice President—Mrs. W. S. Jones; Secretary—Mrs. Fred Tendick; Treasurer—Mrs. J. H. Caldwell; Press Reporter—Miss Carrie Gibbs.

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THIS SCOTCH FAMILY THOROLY AMERICAN

Duncan Ferguson Shows Patriotism in Many Ways—Sons and Daughters in Army and Nursing Service—A Great Family Record.

In these days when instances of loyalty and patriotism carry an appeal to everyone, the following story of a Jacksonville resident is of special interest. The man is Duncan Ferguson, now employed as a dyer at the Capps mills. Mr. Ferguson has been a leader in all patriotic endeavors connected with the Capps mills, and also a native of Scotland is a thoro American. He was born in 1849 and spent the first eighteen years of his life on a farm then worked in the woolen mills of Scotland for eight years. At the age of twenty-six he emigrated to Canada, where he was employed in various mills for a period of approximately ten years, then came to the United States and has held positions in various mills in Massachusetts, Ohio and Michigan.

A Patriotic Investor. Twenty years ago Mr. Ferguson became overseer of dyeing at the local mills, and during the intervening years has filled that position with skill and efficiency. He is still vigorous both mentally and physically and is the equal of a man twenty years younger. Mr. Ferguson has recently taken an extended course in navigation and expects to soon receive his diploma. He has volunteered his services to the government to act as navigating officer in case the need arises. He has saved his money and invested it in government bonds and War Savings stamps, and has in every way possible shown himself to be a patriotic and devoted American citizen.

Sons and Daughters in Service.

Mr. Ferguson has a number of sons and daughters and the family's record is a unique one, illustrating in a striking manner the sacrifices that have been freely made by the sons and daughters of Canada. One son, who enlisted in the early part of the war with the Canadian forces, was killed in action; another son was in the service for several years and was released on account of physical disability; a third son is superintendent of the great Slater mills in Massachusetts, now making millions of yards of uniform material for the U. S. government.

One daughter is in the service as a Red Cross nurse and is now in a base hospital overseas; another daughter is in training as a Red Cross nurse and will leave shortly for the front; a third daughter is in Canada in government service, holding a confidential clerical position with the army and the husband of a fourth daughter will be called in the service shortly. The youngest son of the family will soon enter the army service. It can be readily seen that the family record is one of loyalty and patriotism which could hardly be surpassed.

Genuinely Good COFFEE OUR 20c SPECIAL Buy a pound today. Schrag-Cully Coffee Co.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Clara A. Phillips to W. E. Osborne, lot 48, DeLaney's addition to Murrayville, \$50.

J. C. Osborne by executor, to W. E. Osborne, lots 39 and 40, Masten's second addition to Murrayville, \$2,450.

Laura E. Phillips to W. E. Osborne, lot 8, J. Rimbey's addition to Murrayville, \$750.

Charles Sullivan to W. E. Osborne, lot 6, Rimbey's addition to Murrayville, \$725.

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SIX PAGE PAPER TODAY.

Because of the delayed paper shipment the Journal this morning is issued in six pages. However each page has eight columns instead of seven as was the rule until two months since and part of the reading matter is set in smaller type. In this way readers are given practically the same amount of matter that formerly required eight pages.

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CANDIDATES WILL DRAW FOR PLACES

Yesterday Final Day for Filing Petitions—Position on Ticket to be Fixed Today.

Yesterday was the last day for filing petitions for county offices and in accordance with announcement made recently by County Clerk Boruff the drawing for place on the tickets will be held in his office this morning. There will not be as much interest in this matter as has been the case sometimes, owing to the fact that no office except that of sheriff are there more than two candidates, and in a number of instances the candidates for nomination have no opposition.

On the Republican ticket George Stice, V. R. Riley, Henry Strawn and George E. Wood are the candidates for sheriff. Grant Graft and Charles S. Black will contest the nomination for assessor and treasurer, while Charles H. James and G. L. Riggs are the aspirants for the nomination for county clerk. W. L. Armstrong has no opposition as nominee for county judge, nor has Truman P. Carter, whose name will appear on the ticket as candidate for nomination as superintendent of schools.

On the Democratic ticket William H. Weatherford and W. A. Masters are candidates for nomination as sheriff. For the office of assessor and treasurer Jerry Cox and A. D. Arnold are the aspirants, with C. A. Boruff and Charles E. Seymour seeking the nomination of county clerk. Judge W. E. Thomson will have his party's nomination for judge without opposition and this is also true of H. H. Vasconcellos, who will seek re-nomination and election as superintendent of schools.

Over in Springfield there will be more interest in petition affairs, not only on account of state candidates but because of the contest for membership in the next general assembly. It was stated yesterday that in addition to the names of nominees whose announcements have been formally made, that M. L. Hildreth will seek the Republican nomination for representative.

PUBLIC SALE of valuable farm lands belonging to the estate of James W. Ranson, deceased, at the court house at 2 p. m. today.

MEDICAL SOCIETY MET.

The recent meeting of Morgan County Medical society at the home of Dr. T. J. Pittner was of a very patriotic kind. A letter was read from Major Woltman and there was news also from Lieut. Hardesty. The meeting was something of a farewell for Lieut. Stacy, who leaves Sunday night for Camp Grant, and for Dr. Weirich, who recently received his commission and is expecting a call into service at an early date. A plan was outlined whereby the society will keep in close communication with the men who are in the army service.

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WINCHESTER

Winchester, July 12.—Claude Thomas and mother, Mrs. Sarah Thomas, were Jacksonville visitors Thursday.

Miss Helen Montgomery returned yesterday from De Pauw, where she has been visiting relatives the past week.

Mrs. George Stewart is able to be out again after a few days' illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Packard Reeder left this evening for New Orleans. He is employed at the navy yard at that point.

The Red Cross chapter Friday shipped the following articles to Chicago: 68 sweaters, 5 pairs of socks, and seven pairs of wristlets.

Mrs. George Brengle and daughter, Miss Vivian, returned Friday evening from a short visit in St. Louis.

Mrs. Everett Day and little daughters of St. Louis are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George McLaughlin.

Mrs. Caroline McLaughlin remains seriously ill at her home on Depot street.

Mrs. Joseph Benson and daughter moved to Winchester from Jacksonville Thursday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Melvin Murray made a trip to Jacksonville Thursday, Mrs. Murray's father, James Y. Peak, accompanying them home. Mr. Peak has been a patient at a hospital there and is now much improved in health.

Mrs. M. W. Sappington, Mrs. Thomas Kirkman, Miss Kate Estes, Mrs. William Kincaid and daughter, Miss Elsie, Giles Reeder and daughter Miss Ruth, were among the Jacksonville visitors from Franklin Friday.

Berkshire boiled ham. Douglas Store.

He Removed the Danger Signs

Frank W. Sherman, Laconia, N. Y., writes: "I suffered with kidney trouble, had a tired feeling in my back, did not have any ambition and felt all tired out. I used Foley Kidney Pills, and in a few days began to feel better, and now I have entirely recovered and have had no return of my painful symptoms."

One cannot help becoming nervous and feeling tired and worn out when the kidneys fail to filter and throw out of the system the poisonous waste matter that causes kidney troubles and bladder ailments.

Backache is one of Nature's danger signals that the kidneys are clogged up and inactive. It is often followed by rheumatism, inflaming bladder or urinary disorders, puffy swellings under the eyes, swollen ankles and painful joints.

Foley Kidney Pills get right at the source of trouble. They invigorate the kidneys to healthy action and when the kidneys properly perform their function the poisonous waste matter is eliminated from the system.

equal for removing the last trace of Scrofula and other blood taints, and there is no case that it does not promptly reach. S. S. S. will thoroughly cleanse and remove every disease germ that infects the blood and give you new life and vigor. It is sold by all druggists and you should get a bottle and begin its use today. Write a complete history of your case and you can obtain expert medical advice free by addressing Medical Director, 30 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga.—Adv.

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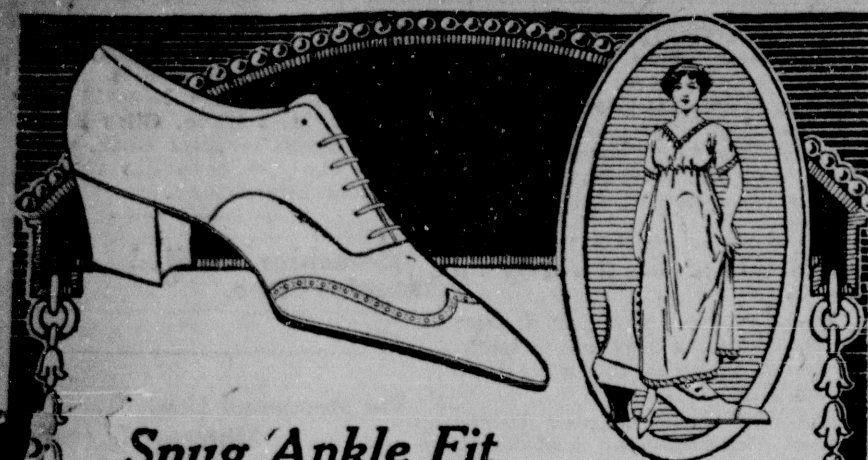
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Snug Ankle Fit

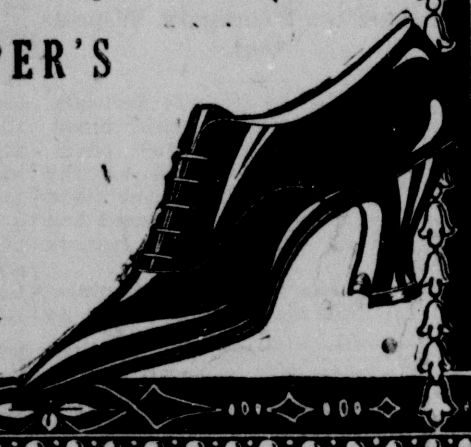
Walk-Over women's oxfords fit the ankle so snugly that shoe and hosiery seem to melt into one another. The oxford above, with the long wing tip and military heel, is designed for street service and for the prosperous business woman.

Walk-Over SHOES

All the daintiness of a pump in this high heel oxford with its daylight arch. The flat sole, exquisite turn of the instep, and Louis heel complete a shoe that is dress itself and the Style of the Hour for all occasions that call for smart attire.

HOPPER'S

Southeast
Corner
of
Square



CENTENNIAL BABY CONFERENCE PLANNED

Big Feature of State Fair—1000 Entries Expected—Liberty Bonds for Best Babies.

The Better Babies conference which will be one of the leading features of the Illinois Centennial State Fair at Springfield, August 12th to 23rd, is attracting state wide interest and judging from early inquiries for entry blanks—wards of 1000 little tots from six months to five years of age will pass under scrutiny of the staff of medical experts who with scientific exactness will determine their physical status.

This is the third annual renewal of the State baby conference and this year it will be conducted on a plan and under conditions which make it doubly attractive to those mothers desirous of learning the physical status of their children and what can be done to improve them.

The conference will be conducted under the general supervision of Dr. C. St. Clair Drake, Director of the State Department of Public Health, the actual examinations being made by a corps of forty medical experts from Chicago and all parts of the State. Mothers will accompany their children thru the several departments of the conference and ample time will be allowed for consultation with the examining physicians on matters of interest to mother and child.

The conference will be held daily August 12th to 23rd between the hours of 10:30 and 12 a. m. and 1:30 to 3:30 p. m. A comfortable rest room for the mothers and a nursery for the babies will be provided for those attending the conference.

Upwards of one hundred awards will be made to the highest scoring babies and a solid gold watch valued at one hundred dollars will be presented to the mother of the most perfect child. Among the prizes offered are Baby

Liberty Bonds, savings bank accounts up to twenty-five dollars, gold and silver medals, and other articles of more than ordinary value.

Special awards will be made to the highest scoring pair of twins, sets of triplets and to the best family of six children under sixteen years of age.

Children scored in previous contests should be brought to the conference for re-scoring in order that degree of improvement may be determined. Three special prizes will be awarded to those showing greatest improvement over their previous scores.

This conference is open to all children between the ages of six months and five years. No entry fees required.

Applications for detailed information and for entry blanks should be addressed at once to Dr. C. St. Clair Drake, Springfield, Ill. No entries will be received after the comfortable capacity of the conference has been reached.

ALBERT NORTRUP BUYS MITCHELL SIX
Yesterday Babb & Gibbs sold and delivered to Albert Nortrup of Riggs, a five passenger Mitchell touring car.

EVERY DAY ADDS INTEREST IN THE BARGAINS OFFERED AT HERMAN'S JULY CLEANING UP SALE.

INSTALL COMPRESSED AIR MACHINE
A compressed air machine is being installed in position in front of the automobile accessory store of R. T. Cassell on the west side of the square. This apparatus will be of great convenience to automobile owners.

Berkshire boiled ham.
Douglas Store.

A. H. Duwever of Waverly was in the city Friday on business.

FARMERS OF STATE SHOW PATRIOTISM

Recent War Savings Drive Indicated in Unmistakable Way That Farmers Have Country's Interest at Heart—Cities Were the Laggards in the Drive.

The Illinois farmer showed his patriotism in an unmistakable way in the recent National War Savings Day drive. He turned out to the school house meeting in spite of the pressure of farm work and he pledged his quota of War Savings Stamps almost unanimously.

Reports reaching Martin A. Ryerson, Director of War Savings for Illinois, showed that the rural districts, almost without exception, went over the top in every county where the day was observed. They also showed that the cities were the laggards in the drive, and that many of them failed to pledge their quotas or anywhere near the amounts expected of them. The larger the city, the greater the failure, was the usual rule.

This was directly contrary to the experience in the earlier liberty loan campaign, which brought forth some unfavorable comparisons and considerable criticism of the American farmer. A little analysis, however, will explain the reasons for these apparently opposite results.

The Government, seeking to have the War Savings Stamps distributed as widely as possible and to make savings universal, limited the amount any one person or corporation could hold to \$1,000, maturity value. There was no such limit on the liberty loans. A rich corporation could purchase a million dollars worth, or ten million dollars worth, and a rich man could buy just as many as he pleased. Rich corporations are always located in the cities, and the richest men usually live there. The enormous sums they invested pulled up the subscriptions of the cities, and made the rural districts, by comparison, seem lukewarm.

The cities, besides containing most of the very rich residents of the nation, also contain most of the very poor. There are no slums in the country. The quotas of War Savings Stamps were based on population and not on financial resources. Rich men and rich corporations could not invest in large amounts. The very poor of the cities could not take what was expected of them, and in Chicago and other large cities there are many foreigners who do not even speak the language. Work among them was necessarily difficult. Also the cost of living is high in the cities, and the temptations of spending for pleasure are greater.

Opportunity for Patriots.
All this is merely by way of explanation and not extenuation. The War Savings Campaign will go on in the cities and in the country as well. The State must invest in its quota of stamps, and every community must do its duty. It has been found in the cities that the most efficacious way of selling the stamps is thru War Savings Societies. These are formed in factories, stores and offices and wherever groups of people work. Efforts to organize them are being continued, but workers anywhere need not wait for organization. They should get together and organize for themselves. Always there will be found someone who is willing to undertake the work of seeing that the pledges are paid regularly. Here is an opportunity for some patriot in every establishment to act as the organizer.

A letter to Alfred J. Benson, Chairman of War Savings Societies, 403 Conway Building, Chicago, will bring full details of how to organize, and insure full recognition of the action at Washington.

Must Turn Pledges Into Cash
In rural districts as well as in the cities, however, the task of turning the pledges into cash yet remains. Illinois farmers, apparently, are most prosperous this year than ever before. Summer suns and rains have favored this state above all others. A record crop of wheat has been harvested, and a bountiful crop of oats is now being put away. Corn bids fair to exceed previous records. Prices for all grains are high.

It is recommended that the farmer, as he markets these

crops, remember his obligation to the Government. The state committee suggests that he dedicate one bushel out of every ten to his Government. That one tenth of the price he receives for his hogs, his cattle, his milk and his fruit, go into War Savings Stamps until he has reached the limit allowed him by law.

In many counties this arrangement has been made. The farmer, as he markets his produce, takes one tenth of the price in War Savings Stamps and nine tenths in cash, whether he goes to the grain elevator, the creamery, the local stockyards or to the store. Such an arrangement would work hardship on no one. The farmer would not miss the money, but at the end of the year he would have a goodly amount saved up and wisely invested in the best Government security.

If this suggestion is followed generally it will be only a short time before Illinois is near her quota in War Savings Stamps. If it could be followed universally by the farmers, with city workers likewise devoting one tenth of their incomes to the purchase of stamps, the 1918 issue, of which \$125,000,000 is apportioned to Illinois, would not last three months.

Demonstration today.
Douglas Store.

REBEKAHS INSTALLED NEW OFFICERS

Interesting Ceremonial Took Place Friday Night in Rooms of Jacksonville Lodge No. 13.

At the regular meeting of Jacksonville Rebekah Lodge No. 13, held Friday evening the recently elected officers were installed and appointed made the most interesting. There was a large number of members in attendance, many out of town visitors being present.

The work of installation was in charge of Deputy Grand Master Cora Pine assisted by an escort in Red Cross regalia, composed of Veda Colby, Vida Armstrong, Ruth McCarty, Mabel Bourn and Amelia Carles.

Other assistants in the work, taking the roles of grand lodge officers, were:
Deputy Grand Marshal—Fera Haigh.
Deputy Grand Warden—Minnie Scott.
Deputy Grand Secretary—Minnie Alkire.
Deputy Grand Chaplain—Jeanette Bowen.
Deputy Grand Herald—Flora Lomb.

Those Installed.
The following officers were installed:
Noble Grand—Mary Davis.
Vice Grand—Pearl Cook.
Recording Secretary—Nettie Brown.
Financial Secretary—Jeanette Watkinson.

Mrs. Orien Tandy was present from Caritas lodge and spoke of the county Rebekah meeting which is to be held in Jacksonville September 26th. A committee was named to make arrangements for this meeting.

Jewell E. Scott was elected trustee to fill the unexpired term of Mrs. Cook, resigned.

Another service star was added to the flag during the evening to represent John Claus who left Thursday for Kansas City to enter the army auto training school. Miss Minnie Mitchell pinned the star on the flag.

The following appointments were made:
Warden—Leta Mansfield.
Conductor—Minnie Woolam.
Chaplain—Alice Cummings.
Right Supporter Noble Grand—Minnie Scott.
Left Supporter Noble Grand—Ester Carlson.

Inside Guardian—Mable Dunlap.
Outside Guardian—Frank Hamm.

Committees
Finance—Jewell Scott, Asa Robinson, Bertha Helethal.
Visiting—Margaret Cobb, Harriet Haig, Lillian Robinson, Ida Rayborn, Laura Large, Rena Classe, Minnie Shuy.
Social—Mary Olds, Nettie Brown, Amelia Carlson, Leona Cummings, Lillian McCullough, Tom Cally, Elzie Bown.
Publicity—Jewell Scott, Walter Brown.

Floral—Anna Hamm, Flora Lomb.
Planist—Edith Forwood.

THRESHING NOTICE.
When in the opinion of threshermen, wheat is damp or wet to the extent that threshing in that condition will cause waste, it is their patriotic duty in exercising their best judgment to advise against and refuse to thresh until conditions are favorable.

M. F. DUNLAP,
Food Administrator.

MISS DUNLAP TO VISIT HERE.

Miss Olivia Dunlap who is the National Organizer for the Woman's Home Missionary Society of the Methodist church, will be in the city next week. Miss Dunlap is now in Kansas where she is visiting the soldiers' training camps. On Thursday of next week she will have an important part on the programme of the meeting of the Woman's Home Missionary Society of grace church which will be held on Thursday instead of Tuesday at the home of Mrs. C. E. Williamson, 517 W. College avenue at 3 o'clock.

Fresh potato chips. Douglas.

RETURN FROM AUTO TRIP.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Cornick and son Lester, and Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Reid returned Thursday from their trip to St. Louis in Mr. Cornick's Buick car. They report a fine trip both going and returning, although they encountered very dusty roads in the southern part of the state. While in St. Louis they visited many points of interest as well as attending to many business affairs.

"BUSTER" MAHONEY IS PLACED UNDER ARREST

Well Known Crippled Lad is in Hands of Law on Charge of Stealing Bicycle—Case Is Patriotic One.

Harry Mahoney who lives with his mother and step father at 1072 North Fayette street, is in the city prison and will likely be sent to a home for crippled children located near Chicago. The lad, who is known as "Buster" Mahoney, had his leg crushed several years ago when he fell beneath a moving Wabash train at the Prairie street crossing. For more than a year past he has been an object of both pity and concern on the streets of Jacksonville, as he has limped about with his crutch. He speedily became so adept in the use of this crutch that he is able to walk, run and climb in a far more than normally nimble way. Because of his crippled condition the boy has made a quick appeal to the sympathies of the people and money has been given him freely. For that reason he is seldom without nickels, dimes and quarters to spend and if he does happen to be out of funds he can quickly secure money from the sympathetic public.

May Be Sent to Home.

Life on the streets has not improved his general character and for months past authorities have been puzzled as to the best way to handle the lad. He is entirely beyond the control of his parents and is now at the city prison because of his favorite pastime of stealing bicycles. That is hardly the right word, because the lad has been simply in the habit of mounting any bicycle he happened to see along the highway, riding it for a short time and then discarding it wherever he happened to be. He made no special effort to conceal his actions. Finally his arrest followed and it is now believed that he can be sent to a home where a part of the expense is borne by the county. The boy has developed an amazing number of tricks since his injury. A number of times he has persuaded people to make special trips in their automobiles from Nichols park to his home on North Fayette street on the plea that he has been lost and does not know the way home. Visitors at Nichols park were quite frequently "worked" in this way until it was found that the boy was simply using this method for a pleasant ride.

When the troops were departing not long ago from the Wabash station he was one of the spectators and quickly climbed clear to the top of the big water tank where he had an observation seat of advantage. He scales walls and buildings in a way which would be surprising for a boy with two legs, and seems to be entirely without fear and never to make a mistake. The case is one that thoroughly merits the best attention that authorities can give.

WONDERFUL BARGAINS AT HERMAN'S JULY CLEANING UP SALE.

WILL LIST WOMEN FOR SPECIAL WORK.
The Volunteer Placement Committee of the Council of National Defense began its work making a summary for the 500 report for July 22. clerical list responded promptly to the call and met at the public library Friday afternoon from two to five o'clock. The former summary dealt with the trained and untrained women of Morgan county, this summary requires calls for eight special phases of Woman's work under each head as—Agriculture, clerical, domestic, etc. The work will continue each afternoon at the library until July twenty first.

Mrs. M. E. Gilbert, Chairman.

PUBLIC SALE

of valuable farm lands belonging to the estate of James W. Ranson, deceased, at the court house at 2 p. m. today.

LONG TIME FRIENDS MEET.

Mrs. Fannie Hobbs had a very welcome visitor at her home on West Lafayette avenue Thursday evening in the person of Mr. Burch Cannon of St. Louis, a young white gentleman who was born and raised at Curryville, Mo. Mrs. Hobbs' former home. Mrs. Hobbs helped raise Mr. Cannon and his sister, being in the employ of his parents, wealthy residents of the Missouri city. Mr. Cannon had not seen Mrs. Hobbs in many years and made the trip to Jacksonville especially to see her. It is needless to say that the evening proved a most pleasant one for both in a reminiscent way.

Demonstration today.
Douglas Store.

GLENN REDDING IS WINNER IN CONTEST

In a recent letter to his mother, Mrs. C. A. Redding of 624 South Diamond street, Glenn Redding tells of a contest which has been on recently in the arsenal at Rock Island where he is now employed. Honor buttons were presented to the five men at the arsenal who did the best work and put in the most hours between June 3 and July 3, and Mr. Redding was one of the five thus honored. The record is especially noteworthy in view of the fact that there are 615 men employed in the shop. Col. Hillman, who is stationed at the arsenal, placed the buttons on the men and delivered a short patriotic address.

Genuinely Good COFFEE
OUR 20c SPECIAL
Buy a pound today.
Schrage-Cully Coffee Co.

SHIRTS

July and August are the Shirt months of the year. Every man requires more shirts during these hot months than all the balance of the year. We are displaying in our east window a big showing of neckband soft cuff shirts, fast colors, narrow and wide stripe patterns. These shirts are priced moderately at

\$1.25

Numerous other patterns can be seen in our stock not on display.

WARDROBE, STEAMER and DRESS TRUNKS

\$5.00 to \$50

New hand luggage just in—new shapes and colors for men and women.

MYERS BROTHERS

Sole Agency for Official Boy Scout Uniforms

Golf Clubs and Bags

HIGH PRICE OFFERED FOR MORGAN COUNTY LAND

A Morgan county land owner has recently been offered \$300 an acre cash for his farm which is located not far from Jacksonville. The property is not particularly well improved, so far as house and buildings are concerned but the land itself is in a high state of cultivation and the fences are in excellent shape. The owner has taken the matter under advisement and is reluctant to sell. The fact is he placed a price of \$350 an acre on the land when he was asked to name a price. He has the soil in good condition and realizing that prices for grain will probably continue on high levels for a number of years, he is not quite sure that if he sells the farm that he can use his money to any better advantage. Neither the name of the owner of the land or the man, a non-resident who has made the offer can be made known at this time because there is no certainty that the deal will be made.

PUBLIC SALE

of valuable farm lands belonging to the estate of James W. Ranson, deceased, at the court house at 2 p. m. today.

Fresh potato chips. Douglas.

FRANK C. MENEZES HERE FROM CAMP TAYLOR

Frank C. Menezes, who is stationed at the base hospital at Camp Taylor is here visiting his mother and other relatives. Mr. Menezes was among the second draft contingent to go to Camp Taylor in September of last year. He likes army life very well and speaks highly of the Y. M. C. A. He has helped train three draft contingents in hospital work while at Camp Taylor. He has talked with most of the boys that left Jacksonville a few weeks ago from Morgan County and says all seem to like army life.

PUBLIC SALE

of valuable farm lands belonging to the estate of James W. Ranson, deceased, at the court house at 2 p. m. today.

Fred Woodward who has been a patient at Passavant Hospital with typhoid fever was able to return to his home on North Church street where he is convalescent.

MISS VICTORIA BOOTH-CLIBBORN IS BRIDE

Mayor Rodgers and a number of other Jacksonville people have received announcement of the recent marriage of Miss Victoria Marguerite, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Sidney Booth-Clibborn, to Mr. C. Agnew Demarest of Louisville, Ky. The marriage was solemnized Wednesday, July 10, Mr. and Mrs. Demarest will be at home after August 1 at 4356 Lowell avenue, Chicago. Many Jacksonville people will remember Mrs. Demarest's visit here about a year ago when she conducted a series of special meetings at Grace M. E. Church.

NOTICE.

All persons knowing themselves under financial obligation to me will please make payment or arrangement for same immediately, as I am ordered to report for active service in the army July 15.

G. H. Stacy, M. D.
603 Ayers Bank Bldg.

For Sale—Corn cobs. Buy them while they are dry. City Elevator.

East
Side
Square

Talcum Time is Here

West
Side
Square

Keep sweet and cool by using freely after your bath. We also sell Bath Powders and Bath Sea Salt.

Your favorite Talcum can be found here. An especially fine Talcum 2 for 25c. Large sprinkle top cans. Odors: Rose, Violet, Lilac, Wisteria, Corylopsis. Repeat sales on this guarantee its quality satisfaction to user.

Squibb's "Carnation" and "Violet"; Lazett's "Massatta", "Field Violets", (new) "Cloth of Gold"; Van Tine's Sandalwood Wisteria; Johnson's Baby Powder; Hudnut's; Colgate's; Mennen's; Palmer's; Palm Olive; Santox; Dier-Kiss; Sanitol; Enthymol; Mary Garden; Lilaes; Williams'. We especially recommend "Squibb's" as our best.

Our complete line of Toilet Articles is unsurpassed. You can get your favorite here.

Perfumes most choice, dainty Toilet Waters, Soap and Sachet Powder.

Cutex preparations make beautiful hands and nails.

Coover and Shreve There's Only One Way Coover and Shreve to secure a satin skin: Apply Satin skin cream, then Satin skin powder.